

Evergreen Virtual Advisor

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“Could or would a state default? Not really? Illinois is probably in the worst shape, and there are states that I would avoid but basically the states are not going to default in Pimco’s opinion.”

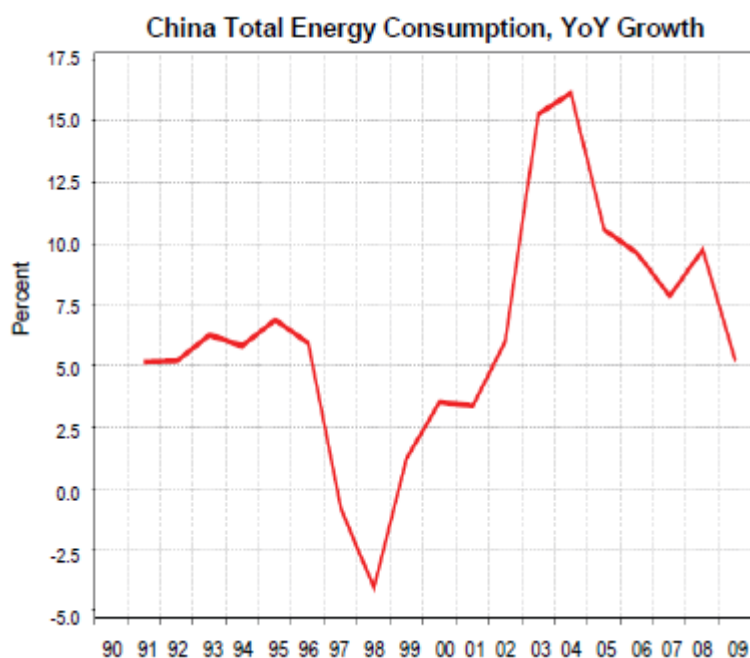
-Bond guru Bill Gross

POINTS TO PONDER

By David Hay, Chief Investment Officer

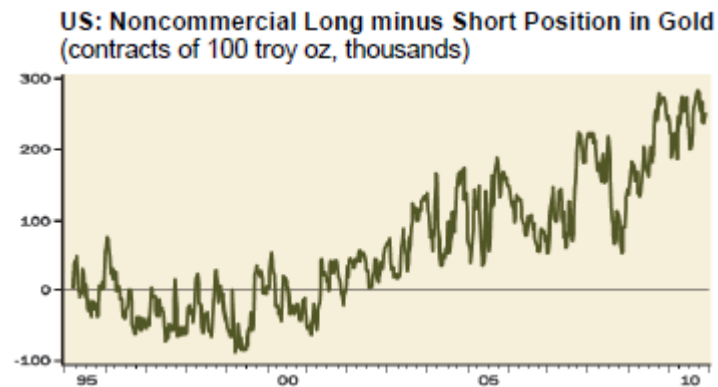
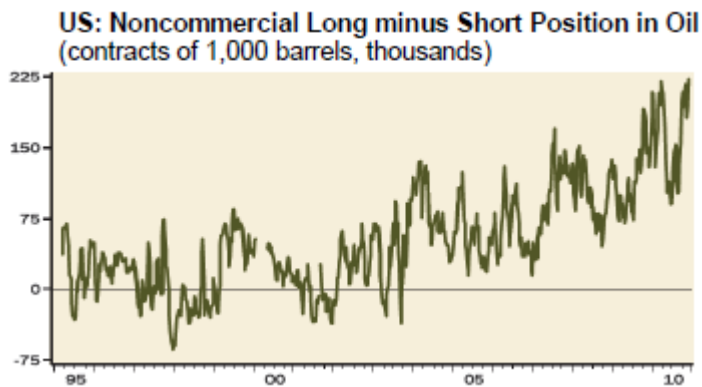
1. The view that commodity prices are in a perpetual bull market continues to be heavily reliant on Chinese demand. Oil is a prime example of this, but China is aggressively attempting to lower the energy intensity of its economy. Over the last five years, China’s energy consumption growth rate has declined noticeably.

2. China’s push to forcefully ramp up its nuclear power production has received considerable press. India’s efforts, by contrast, have attracted much less attention despite its intent to spend \$100 billion as it strives to raise nuclear-generating capacity from 4 gigawatts (enough to power four midsize cities) to 40 gigawatts by 2020.



3. Nuclear power is not the only mega-trend in the developing world; wealth is also projected to expand with viral speed. Morgan Stanley is forecasting that in the next decade there will be more households in BRIC (Brazil, Russia, India, China) countries with disposable income over \$10,000 than in the US and Europe combined.

4. Oil and gold prices have been on a decided upward trajectory throughout 2010. Speculative enthusiasm for both of late, however, has become extreme.



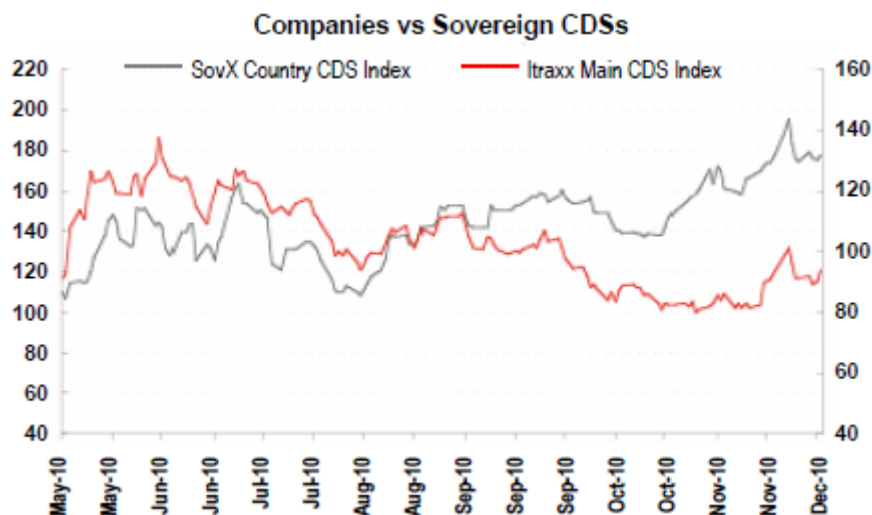
5. Ebullience is evident in the stock market as well, with short-term measures of sentiment revealing elevated levels of optimism. Yet, one cautionary aspect is that the number of stocks making new highs recently has deteriorated to just 431 versus 569 during the October rally and 674 at the April peak.

6. Due to the exponential surge in China's money supply in recent years, land prices in some areas have jumped by 20 times and in the most overheated regions by 100 fold. Consumer prices, particularly food-related, have also soared, with a gallon of milk now costing \$5.50 in Shanghai (versus an average monthly wage of just \$350).



7. In another clear sign that corporate America is feeling more optimistic about the future, spending on capital equipment is gaining momentum.

8. Financial analyst Meredith Whitney, who accurately foresaw the banking crisis, caused a sensation with a recent "60 Minutes" interview predicting a debacle in the municipal bond market. However, fixed-income gurus such as Pimco's Bill Gross have rebutted her views, noting the strength of most issuers and exceedingly enticing yields.



9. Like America, Microsoft is widely assumed to be over the hill. Its revolutionary Kinect gaming device, though, is the most successful consumer electronic product ever released at this stage of its life cycle. Daily sales of 100,000 units exceed even the iPad's launch.

10. In another indication of the very real possibility that high-grade companies will be able to borrow less expensively than heavily indebted governments, it is now cheaper to hedge against corporate defaults in Europe than it is with sovereign issuers.

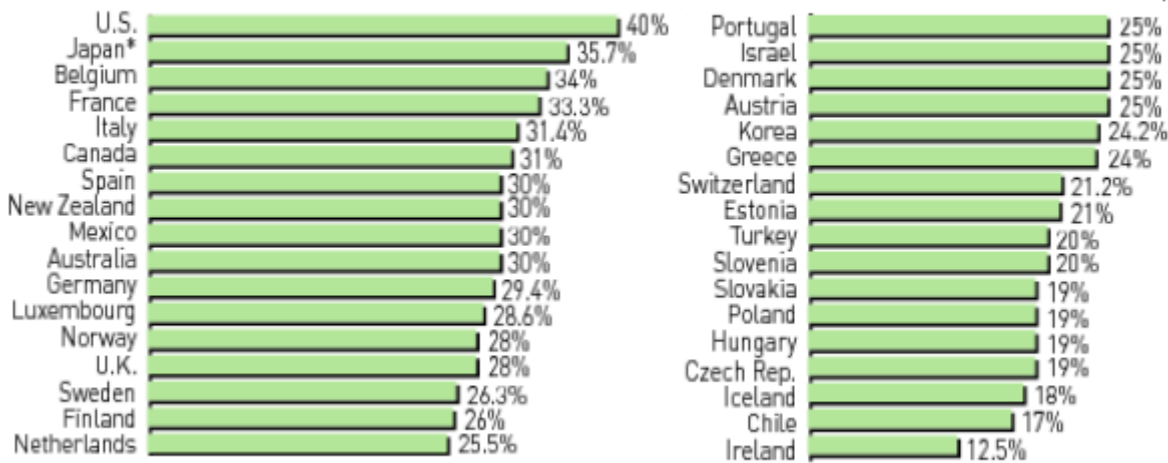
11. Barring a blockbuster plan to decisively deal with Europe's many challenges, the situation looks harrowing. One credible source states that Portugal, Italy, Ireland, Greece, and Spain must reduce consumer spending by 15% for their debts to be serviceable. To put this in perspective, UK household expenditures contracted by 14% during WWII.

12. Not all the news emanating from Europe is adverse. Sweden, which drastically reformed its welfare state in the 1990s, continues to report robust economic data and is in a position to both cut taxes and raise spending. Even beleaguered Spain has reported that its budget deficit has fallen 46% from a year ago.

13. While US personal tax rates are relatively low compared to the rest of the world, that is definitely not the case when it comes to corporate taxation. An 85-country study by Price Waterhouse has shown that for every 10 percentage points of added corporate tax, a nation's ratio of investment to output falls by 2.2%.

Dubious Achievement The US is ranked No. 1 on a list where being on top is more of a failure than a success to be proud of

Corporate income tax rates in the OECD



Rate as of 2011

Source: Cato Institute

Our Current Likes & Dislikes

We Like

- Intermediate municipal bonds with strong credit ratings
- Long-term municipal bonds with strong credit ratings
- BB-rated corporate bonds (i.e., high quality, high yield)
- Blue chip oil stocks
- Large Cap Growth
- Large Cap Value
- Mid Cap Growth

We're Neutral On

- Publicly-traded pipeline partnerships yielding 6-7%
- Short-to-intermediate term investment grade corporate bonds
- High quality preferred stocks yielding 7%
- International developed markets
- 3-year to 5-year FDIC CDs
- Intermediate Treasury notes
- Longer-term Treasury notes
- Emerging bond markets
- High yield (junk) bonds
- Gold-mining stocks
- Small Cap Growth
- Mid Cap Value
- Cash
- Gold

We Dislike

- Long-term investment grade corporate bonds
- Real Estate
- Most cyclical stocks

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